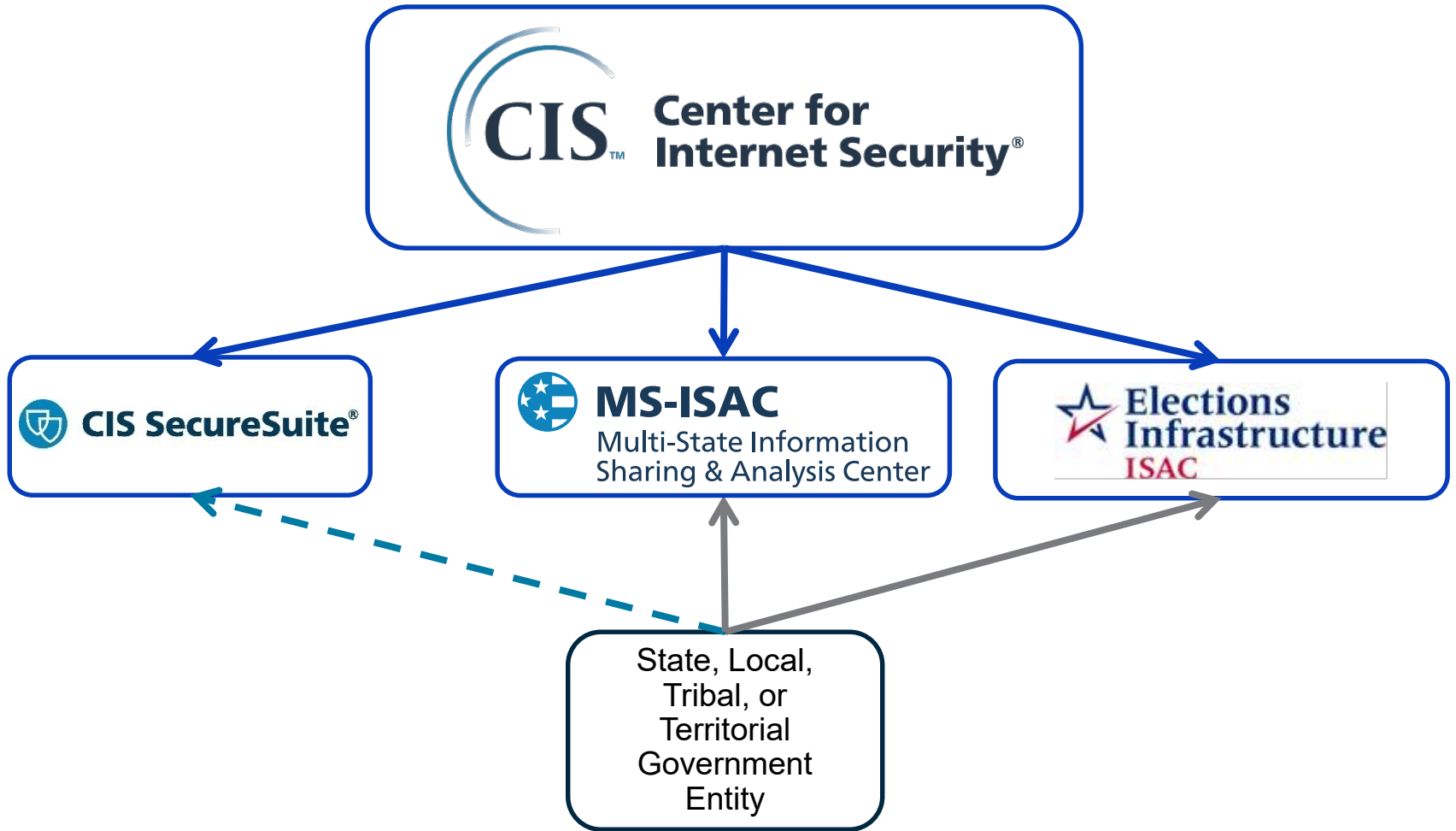




Cyber Threats and Federally-funded Cyber Resources

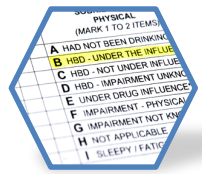
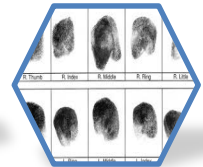
Eugene Kipniss





Why SLTT Governments?

Criminals look for data...
and governments have a lot of it!





2018 NCSR Findings Preview

In 2018, both the state and local peer groups reported a decrease in overall maturity (-1% for the state peer group and -4% for the local peer group). This is a reversal of the trend that was reported in 2016 and 2017, where the state and local peer groups reported an increase in overall maturity (3% and 10% respectively).

1

Local governments continue to report lower overall maturity scores (3.44) than their state counterparts (4.70).

2

Tribal governments continue to report lower overall maturity scores (3.33) than both their state and local counterparts.

3

In 2018 the tribal peer group reported a 48% increase in overall maturity.

4

State, local and tribal peer groups continue to report overall scores that fall below the recommended minimum maturity level (5).

5

In 2018, 88% of the 33 sub-sector peer groups reported scores below the recommended minimum maturity level. The following sub-sector peer groups met the minimum maturity:

- Associations
- State Finance/Revenue
- State Information Technology
- State Museum

6

All peer groups continue to identify the same top five security concerns over the past four years:

- Lack of sufficient funding*
- Increasing sophistication of threats
- Lack of documented processes
- Emerging technologies
- Inadequate availability of cybersecurity professionals

** In 2018, we saw a shift in the order the top five security concerns were ranked. Lack of sufficient funding became the number one security concern.*

7

In 2018, **Supply Chain** was added to the Identify function of the NIST Cybersecurity Framework and NCSR question set. The state and local peer groups scored lowest in the supply chain category within the identify function.

8



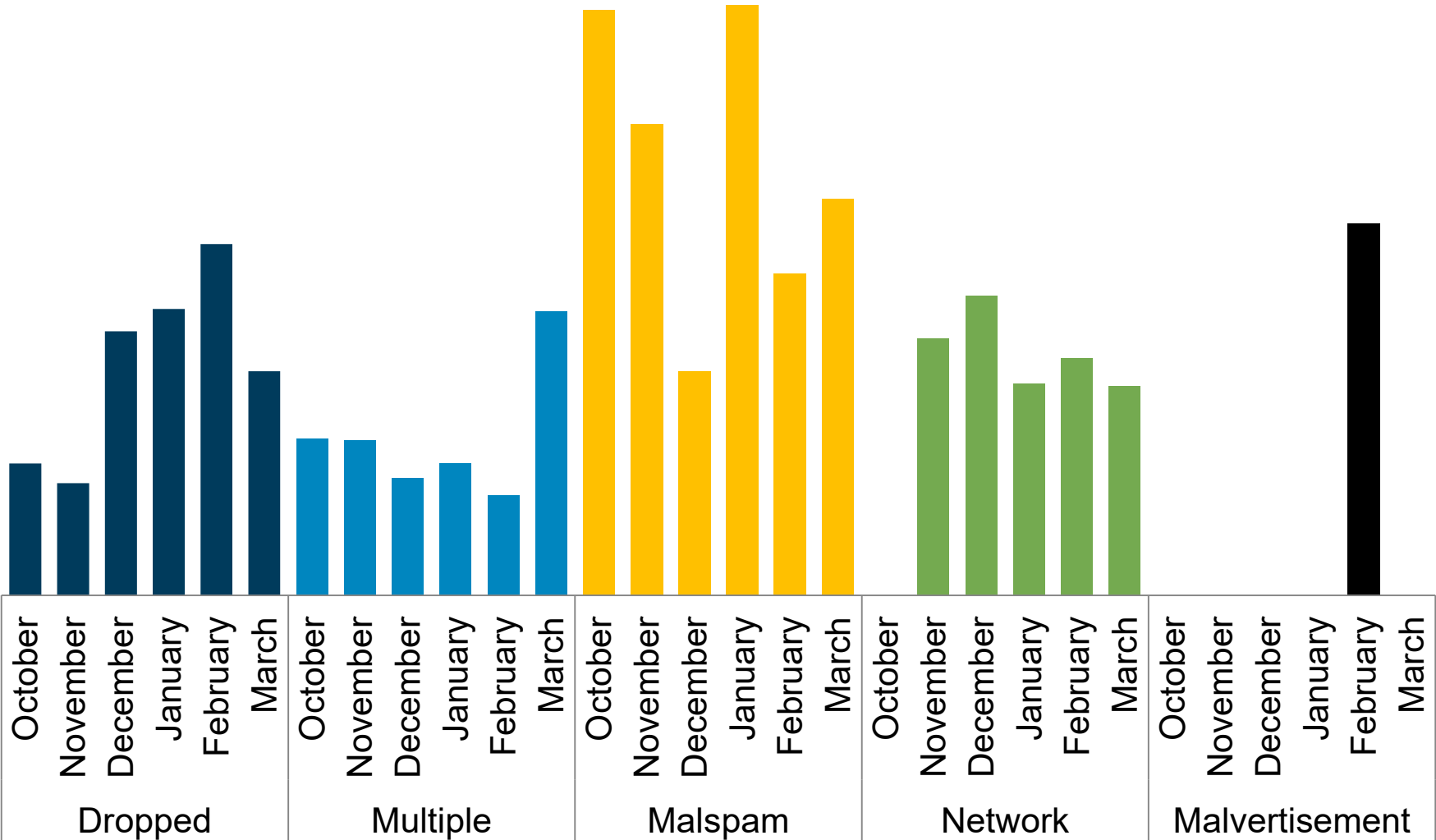
Top 10 Malware 2018

January 2018	February 2018	March 2018	April 2018	May 2018	June 2018
Kovter	Kovter	Kovter	Kovter	Kovter	WannaCry
WannaCry	WannaCry	Emotet	ZeuS	ZeuS	Emotet
Emotet	Emotet	ZeuS	Emotet	NanoCore	Kovter
ZeuS	ZeuS	Redyms	CoinMiner	Redyms	ZeuS
CoinMiner	NanoCore	TinyLoader	NanoCore	Mirai	Mirai
Gh0st	CoinMiner	CoinMiner	Xtrat	CoinMiner	Cerber
NanoCore	Gh0st	NanoCore	Redyms	WannaCry	NanoCore
Ursnif	Qarallex	Gh0st	WannaCry	Emotet	CoinMiner
Mirai	Latentbot	WannaCry	Mirai	Gh0st	Gh0st
Redyms	Mirai	Cerber	Gh0st	Latentbot	Xtrat

July 2018	February 2018	September 2018	October 2018	November 2018	December 2018
Emotet	Kovter	Emotet	Emotet	WannaCry	WannaCry
Kovter	Emotet	WannaCry	Kovter	Emotet	ZeuS
ZeuS	ZeuS	Kovter	ZeuS	ZeuS	Emotet
NanoCore	CoinMiner	ZeuS	WannaCry	Kovter	Kovter
Cerber	WannaCry	CoinMiner	NanoCore	CoinMiner	Qakbot
Gh0st	NanoCore	NanoCore	Gh0st	Mirai	Samsam
CoinMiner	Mirai	Gh0st	CoinMiner	NanoCore	Gh0st
Trickbot	Gh0st	Mirai	Mirai	Gh0st	Mirai
WannaCry	Cerber	Trickbot	Ursnif	Smoke Loader	Brambul
Xtrat	Ursnif	AZORult	Smoke Loader	Ursnif	CoinMiner



Top 10 Malware - Initiation Vectors





BEC: CEO Compromise Example

Date:
FROM: CEO ← *From an Executive*
TO: Finance Department ← *To Finance*
SUBJECT: Question

Are you available? Wire transfer needs to go out. Also what is the balance of General Funding Account? Let me know when you are ready.

Don't call. Im in a meeting. ← *Sense of urgency*

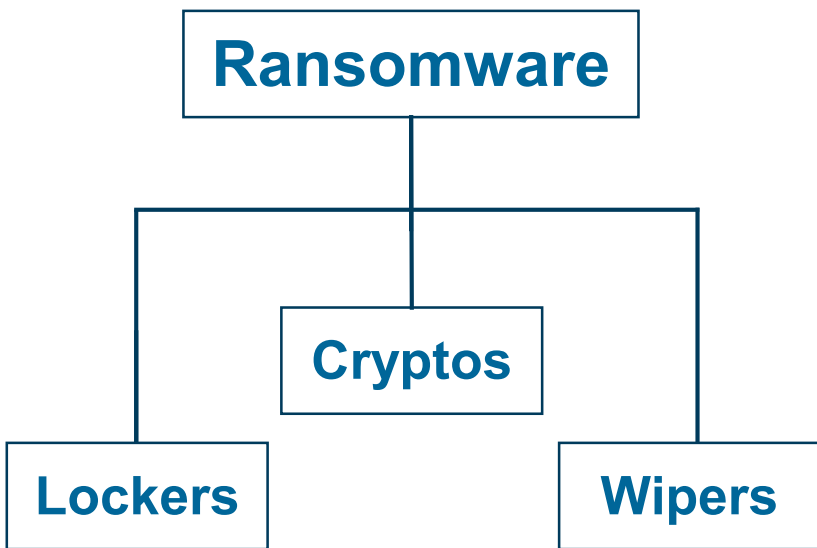
Sent from my iPhone ← *Social Engineering*

↑ *Formatting error*



Ransomware

malware that blocks access to a system, device, or file until a ransom is paid; commonly demand that the victim pays \$200 - \$1,000 in bitcoins, gift cards, etc.



Extortion

1. Lockers – blocks access to files or the system
2. Cryptos – encrypts files
3. Wipers – erases files; no recovery



Emotet

- Emotet is the single most destructive piece of malware currently affecting state, local, tribal, and territorial (SLTT) governments in the U.S.
- Highly infectious due to worm-like capabilities
- Infostealer
- Modular
- Business continuity disaster
- Potential data breach



TrickBot

- Modular banking trojan that targets user financial information and acts as a dropper for other malware.
 - Man-in-the-browser attacks
 - Continuously releasing new modules/versions
 - Malspam campaigns or dropped
 - Some modules abuse SMB Protocol for lateral movement

<https://www.cisecurity.org/white-papers/security-primer-trickbot/>



Cryptocurrency Miners

Malware:

- **CoinMiner – TOP 10**
- Coinhive
- WannaMine
- Dark Test
- BrowseAloud

Infection Vectors:

- Malspam
- EternalBlue
- Exploit Kits
- Worms
- Tech Support Scam
- Plugins

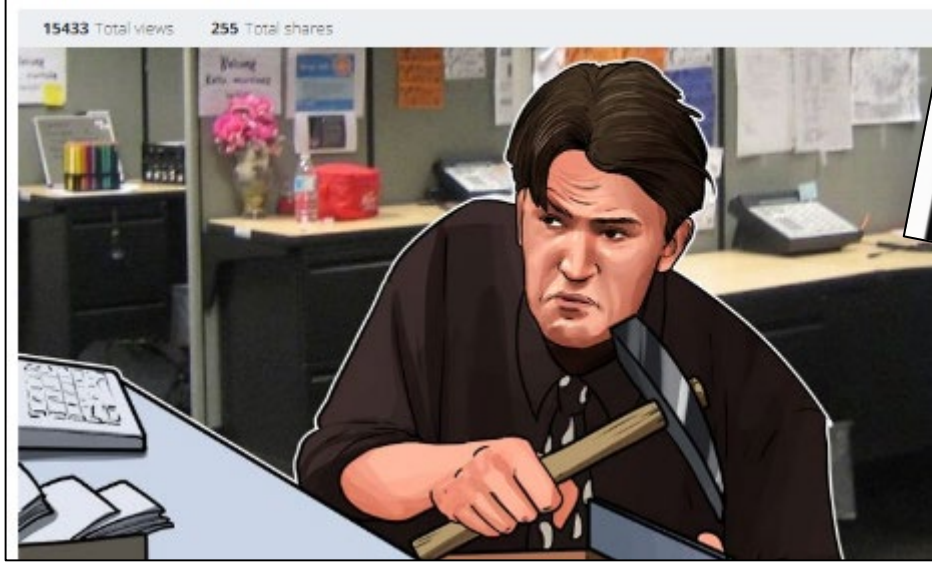


- Masquerading as Windows/system files, Fake AV, apps
- Fileless malware
- Infecting: Windows, Mac, smartphones, smartTVs, SCADA systems



Insider Crypto-mining

New York City Government Punishes Employee For Mining Bitcoin at Work



PSA: Don't mine cryptocurrency on government computers



SIM Swapping/Jacking

Joel Ortiz and the \$5 Million SIM heist

- **Attacker does recon of social media etc.**
- **Next they contact the mobile carrier**
- **Socially engineer a SIM re-issue or change**
- **Reset email accounts using phone verification**
- **Intercept all communication – including 2FA!**





Hoax Extortion Schemes

From: MrSmith [mailto:maillist@mailserver.com]
Sent: Tuesday, September 19, 2017 10:52 AM
To:
Subject: DDoS Warning

Hello,

FORWARD THIS MAIL TO WHOEVER IS IMPORTANT IN YOUR COMPANY AND CAN MAKE DECISION!

We are Phantom Squad

Your network will be DDoS-ed starting Sept 30st 2017 if you don't pay protection fee - 0.2 Bitcoin @ 1CR84W1ZAKqs8rWgGpaBoxdmSMnVtsqBNv.

If you don't pay by Sept 30st 2017, attack will start, yours service going down permanently stop will increase to 20 BTC and will go up 10 BTC for every day of attack.

I did not hack Your gmail it was open on the network so im alerting you guys of thus Hey Steve & users this is Greg I do Seucrity Work! I have Found severe vulnerabilities in Your Network I'm asking 1 bitcoin to show you guys the 0 day exploit I used to get here I assure You i didnt even touch Your email account i didnt even poke around didnt exfiltrate any data I know this is illegal but you are ripe for the plucking and i dont like that idea seeing its a us gov computer system I have access to the entire network and will not be coming back I am not going to leak this I did not take any data out I did not really poke around I just want You safe and some cash for my troubles have me 1 btc ready by tuesday and have a very nice day stay safe contact me skyline123@tutanota.com

SAMPLE EMAIL TEXT
Subject: <username> - <password>

I'm aware, <password>, is your pass word you do not know me and you are most

In fact, I actually placed a malware on the adult video (porno) web site and guess While you were watching video clips... initiated operating as a RDP (R your display and web cam. Imn... likely ever that, my software gathered all of your

What exactly did I do?

I made a double-screen video. 1st part displays the video you were viewing (you've

What should you do?

Well, I believe, <extortion amount> is a reasonable price tag for our little secret. You'll make the payment by Bitcoin (if you do not know this, search "how to buy bitcoin" in Google).

BTC Address: <address>
(It is cAsE sensitive, so copy and paste it)

HOAX!

Emails can include user's:

- Names
- Passwords
- Emails
- Telephone numbers

Spoofting the victim's email



Employee Mistakes



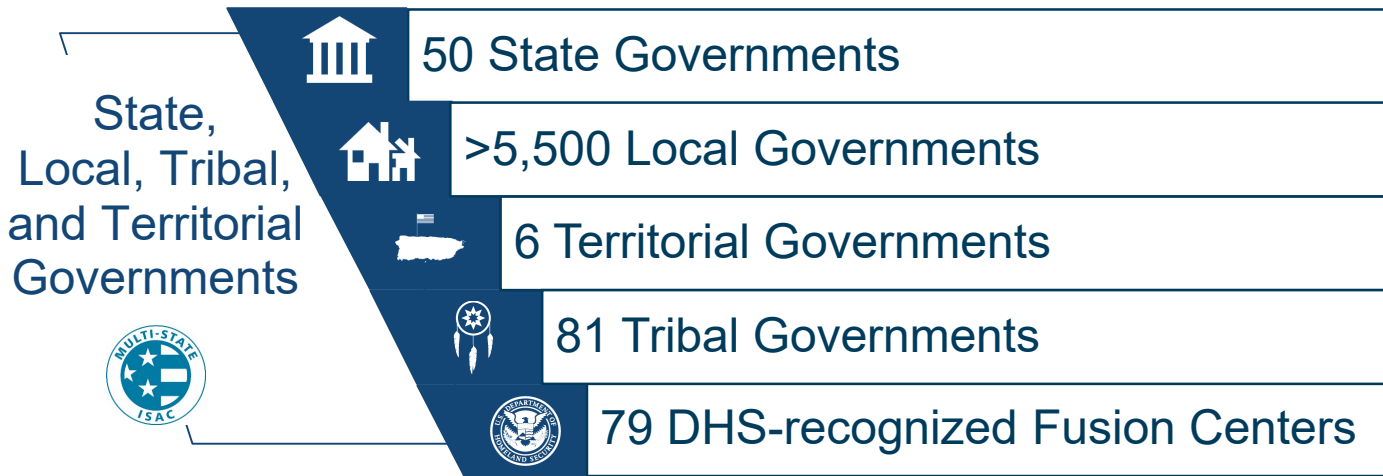


Why care? - Employee Mistakes





Who We Serve





How to access MS-ISAC resources

- **Register for the MS-ISAC's services here:**
<https://learn.cisecurity.org/ms-isac-registration>
- **The MS-ISAC Stakeholder Engagement team will provide you with next steps:**
 - Register your HSIN account
 - Submit public IPs, domains, and subdomains
 - Register for an MCAP account
 - Add additional staff to your account



24 x 7 Security Operations Center

Central location to report any cybersecurity incident

- **Support:**
 - Network Monitoring Services
 - Research and Analysis
- **Analysis and Monitoring:**
 - Threats
 - Vulnerabilities
 - Attacks
- **Reporting:**
 - Cyber Alerts & Advisories
 - Web Defacements
 - Account Compromises
 - Hactivist Notifications



To report an incident or
request assistance:
Phone: 1-866-787-4722
Email: soc@cisecurity.org



Computer Emergency Response Team

- Incident Response (includes on-site assistance)
- Network & Web Application Vulnerability Assessments
- Malware Analysis
- Computer & Network Forensics
- Log Analysis
- Statistical Data Analysis

To report an incident or request assistance:

Phone: 1-866-787-4722

Email: soc@cisecurity.org



Monitoring of IP Range & Domain Space

IP Monitoring

- IPs connecting to malicious C&Cs
- Compromised IPs
- Indicators of compromise from the MS-ISAC network monitoring (Albert)
- Notifications from Spamhaus

Domain Monitoring

- Notifications on compromised user credentials, open source and third party information
- Vulnerability Management Program (VMP)
 - Web Profiler
 - Port Profiler

Send domains, IP ranges, and contact info to:
soc@cisecurity.org



Vulnerability Management Program

Web Profiler

- ✓ Server type and version (IIS, Apache, etc.)
- ✓ Web programming language and version (PHP, ASP, etc.)
- ✓ Content Management System and version (WordPress, Joomla, Drupal, etc.)

Email notifications are sent with 2 attachments containing information on out-of-date and up-to-date systems:

- Out-of-Date systems should be patched/updated and could potentially have a vulnerability associated with it
- Up-to-Date systems have the most current patches



MS-ISAC


Multi-State Information
Sharing & Analysis Center



Vulnerability Management Program

Port Profiler

- Quarterly notifications
- Contact **vmp.dl@cisecurity.org** to:
 - Opt out of this service
 - Provide feedback on the Port Profiler
- Contact **soc@cisecurity.org** if:
 - You wish to add IP addresses
 - To verify “VMP Notification” contacts
- Source IP address: **52.14.79.150**



MS-ISAC™
Multi-State Information Sharing & Analysis Center®

The information below was obtained from the MS-ISAC Port Profiling Tool. If a host returned a banner on the port profiled, the IP address and its corresponding reverse DNS record, port and expected service, and banner obtained are displayed below for each IP address. If a port was connectable (open), but a banner was not returned, "Not Found" will be displayed indicating we were unable to profile the port. Lines displayed in red may warrant closer examination to verify the service or host should be publically accessible.

Tags
Ports Profiled
Critical Controls

IP Address ^	Hostname ⇅	Port ⇅	Service ⇅	Tag v	Banner ⇅
192.168.1.111	host-111.test.com	443	HTTPS	Server	Apache Tomcat/7.0.69
192.168.1.124	tep.test.com	80	HTTP	Server	IIS Windows Server
192.168.1.123	my.test.com	80	HTTP	Server	IIS Windows Server
10.11.12.4	prn01.ne.test.com	21	FTP	Printer	220 FTP print service:V-1.13/Use the network password for the ID if updating.\r\n
10.11.12.7	rcp.ne.test.com	23	TELNET	Printer	\\\nRICOH Maintenance Shell. \\n\\rUser access verification.\\n\\n\\rlogin:
10.11.12.53	350cam.cmc.test.com	21	FTP	Other	220 AXIS 210A Network Camera 4.40.1 (Sep 11 2007) ready.\r\n
10.11.12.50	Could Not Resolve	21	FTP	Other	220 Welcome to the Cisco TelePresence MCU 4505, version 4.3(2.18).\r\n
10.11.12.199	switch.test.com	80	HTTP	Networking	\n \n ProCurve Switch 2810-48G (J9022A)\n
10.11.12.7	rcp.ne.test.com	8080	HTTP	-	404 Not Found
10.11.12.199	switch.test.com	23	TELNET	-	\\\r\\nSorry, the maximum number of telnet sessions are active. Try again later.\\\r\\n\\\r\\n00



Malicious Code Analysis Platform

A web based service that enables members to submit and analyze suspicious files in a controlled and non-public fashion

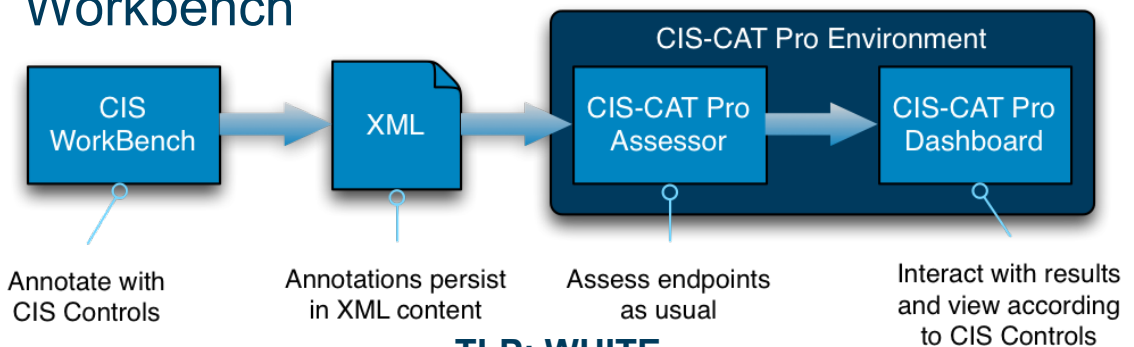
- Executables
- DLLs
- Documents
- Quarantine files
- Archives

To gain an account contact:
mcap@cisecurity.org



SecureSuite

- **Workbench**
 - Platform for creating and maintaining resources
 - <https://workbench.cisecurity.org>
- **Controls**
 - Prioritized set of actions to protect your organization and data from known cyber attack vectors
- **Benchmarks**
 - Well-defined, un-biased, consensus-based industry best practices
- **CIS-CAT Pro**
 - Configuration and Vulnerability Assessment Tool
 - Assessor and Dashboard can be downloaded from Workbench





HSIN Community of Interest

Access to:

- MS-ISAC Cyber Alert Map
- Archived webcasts & products
- Cyber table top exercises
- Guides and templates
- Message boards





Weekly Malware IPs and Domains

Automated Threat Indicator Sharing via Anomali

From: MS-ISAC SOC
 To: MS-ISAC SOC
 Cc:
 Subject: Message from the MS-ISAC: Malware IPs and Domains observed by MS-ISAC 11/23/2016

Message: IPs of Interest 11-23 to 11-29.xlsx (35 KB)

Attached to this email is a list of IP addresses and domains associated with malware activity. Recipients may only share TLP: GREEN information with peers and partner organizations within their sector or community. This list is produced from data collected by the MS-ISAC. Currently this data is being collected across a number of States and Localities. The spreadsheet contains four tabs with the following information:

1. Malware IP Data

- IP Address** – This is either the IP address that is attacking a system or the IP address malware on an infected system is communicating with.
- Counts** – This is the number of alerts generated for malicious traffic to or from the IP address.
- Country, Region, City** – Location of the potentially malicious IP address.

IP ADDRESS	LOG COUNT	EVENT COUNT	COUNTRY	ASSOCIATED THREAT
69.162		1522	United States	Luminosity, LuminosityLink
108.148	969		United States	Luminosity
14.67	143		Netherlands	Generic Trojan
112.248	83		Germany	Fleercivet
18.141	23		United States	Ursnif
80.178	13		United States	Various malware, WS/JS Downloader
44.145	10		United States	Various malware, WS/JS Downloader
44.165	10		United States	Various malware, WS/JS Downloader
125.32	7		United States	Kovter
149.172	4		United States	Cerber

To gain an Anomali account contact:
Indicator.sharing@cisecurity.org



MS-ISAC Cyber Alerts

MS-ISAC Advisory

Sent: Thursday, June 16, 2016 at 2:57 PM

To: Thomas Duffy

TLP: WHITE
MS-ISAC CYBER ALERT

TO: All MS-ISAC Members, Fusion Centers, and IIC partners

DATE ISSUED: June 16, 2016

SUBJECT: Malicious Email Campaign Targeting Attorneys Spoofs Emails From Statewide Legal Organizations - TLP: WHITE

In June 2016 MS-ISAC became aware of a malicious email campaign targeting attorneys, which spoofs emails from statewide legal organizations, such as the Bar Association and the Board of Bar Examiners. The subject and body of the emails include claims that “a complaint was filed against your law practice” or that “records indicate your membership dues are past due.” Recipients are asked to respond to the claims by clicking a link which leads to a malicious download, potentially ransomware.

The emails are well written and appear to originate from the appropriate authority, such as an Association official, likely increasing their effectiveness. Reporting from various states indicates a likelihood that this campaign is personalized to individuals practicing in a particular state and may be progressing on a state-by-state basis. The following states have been referenced in public reporting on this campaign: Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, and Nevada. This targeting may include attorneys working for state, local, tribal, and territorial (SLTT) governments.

Recommendations:

MS-ISAC recommends the following actions:

- Share this information with potentially impacted organizations your area of responsibility, including Departments of Law/Justice, related law enforcement agencies, and agency-specific offices of counsel.
- Train government legal professionals in identifying spear phishing emails which may include spoofed email addresses, unusual requests, and questionable and/or masked links. This particular series of emails includes what appears to be a link to the state bar association, but when the user hovers over the link it shows that the link is really to a different website. Copying and pasting the link, instead of clicking on it, would defeat this social engineering attempt.
- Perform regular backups of all systems to limit the impact of data loss from ransomware infections. Backups should be stored offline.

TLP: WHITE



MS-ISAC Advisories

HID CORPORATION
 This message was sent with High importance.
 From: MS-ISAC Advisory
 To: Thomas Duffy
 Cc:
 Subject: MS-ISAC CYBER SECURITY ADVISORY - Multiple Vulnerabilities in Adobe Flash Player Could Allow for Remote Code Execution

MS-ISAC ADVISORY NUMBER:
 2015-119 - UPDATED

DATE(S) ISSUED:
 10/13/2015
 10/15/2015 - Updated

SUBJECT:
 Multiple Vulnerabilities in Adobe Flash Player Could Allow for Remote Code Execution

OVERVIEW:
 Multiple vulnerabilities in Adobe Flash Player could allow remote code execution. An attacker could attempt to exploit these vulnerabilities to execute arbitrary code on a user's computer, potentially allowing the attacker to access confidential data, compromise processing resources in a user's computer, or remove data.

THREAT INTELLIGENCE
 There are currently no reports of these vulnerabilities being exploited in the wild.

October 15 – UPDATED THREAT INTELLIGENCE
 Adobe is aware of a report that an exploit for the CVE-2015-7645 critical vulnerability was used in the wild.

March 2017
 2017 MS-ISAC Cybersecurity Advisories

- #2017-028 » Thursday, March 16, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Drupal Could Allow for Remote Code Execution](#)
- #2017-027 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Office Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-014\)](#)
- #2017-026 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Office Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-014\)](#)
- #2017-025 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Graphics Component Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-013\)](#)
- #2017-024 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Uniscribe Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-011\)](#)
- #2017-023 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Microsoft Windows SMB Server Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-010\)](#)
- #2017-022 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[A Vulnerability in Microsoft Windows PDF Library Could Allow for Remote Code Execution \(MS17-010\)](#)
- #2017-021 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Cumulative Security Update for Microsoft Edge \(MS17-007\)](#)
- #2017-020 » Tuesday, March 14, 2017
[Cumulative Security Update for Internet Explorer \(MS17-006\)](#)
- #2017-019 » Friday, March 10, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Adobe Flash Player Could Allow for Code Execution \(APSB17-07\)](#)
- #2017-018 » Thursday, March 09, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Google Chrome Could Allow for Remote Code Execution](#)
- #2017-017 » Wednesday, March 08, 2017
[Vulnerability in Apache Struts Could Allow for Remote Code Execution](#)
- #2017-016 » Monday, March 06, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Mozilla Firefox Could Allow for Arbitrary Code Execution](#)
- #2017-015 » Monday, February 27, 2017
[Multiple Vulnerabilities in Google Android OS Could Allow for Remote Code Execution](#)
- #2017-014 » Monday, February 27, 2017
[Vulnerability in Microsoft Internet Explorer and Edge Could Allow for Arbitrary Code Execution](#)

TLP: WHITE



MS-ISAC Intel Papers

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY • Traffic Light Protocol: GREEN

Multi State Information Sharing and Analysis Center
Cyber Monthly Update
 Information current as of May 31, 2017



Federal (U) TLP: WHITE
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International Cybersecurity Agency Report
 TLP: WHITE

MS-ISAC TECHNICAL WHITE PAPER
 February 2017

Timely Patching Reduces System Compromises
 Authored by: Katelyn Bailey, Cyber Intel Analyst

INTRODUCTION
 Patching and updating systems is one of the most important cyber security practices to implement in order to protect a system from being compromised. Analysis of information shared and analyzed by the Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center (MS-ISAC) data proves that timely patching can prevent most infections and system compromises.

DETAILS
 Patches and security updates address software vulnerabilities that may allow malicious cyber threat actors access to publicly announced, or a network. Once vulnerabilities are publicly announced, the information is available to anyone, including cyber threat actors. It is essential to quickly patch vulnerable systems as the disclosed information makes it easier for cyber threat actors to find and target systems. Research has shown that despite the proven effectiveness of patching, systems often remain vulnerable with out-of-date software and plugins for extended periods.

In July 2015 cyber threat actors exfiltrated data from an Italian company, which included information on four zero-day exploits that targeted vulnerabilities in common software. The exploits, known as *Angler*, *Exploit Kit*, which targeted both the *ControlPanel* and *Knovar* malware in July 2015.

The primary vector in at least the incidents investigated by MS-ISAC was unpatched vulnerabilities in an operating system, software, or plugin.

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY - TLP: AMBER

Situational Awareness Report

This proprietary document is based on the February 2017 security event data.

MULTI-STATE ISAC

Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY - TLP: AMBER

MS-ISAC MS-ISAC Security Primer
Cybersecurity While Traveling
 March 2017, SP2017-0817

OVERVIEW: Whether you are traveling for business or leisure, travelers face increased cyber targeting and key threats include accidental loss and exposure, financially-motivated crime, data, oversharing information; the information carried with the traveler; the traveler's identity, and family; and the lack of due diligence. The Multi-State Information Sharing and Analysis Center (MS-ISAC) recommends assessing travel risk based on the threats and gaps in your knowledge.

NS: New or reimagined device so that no data is stored on it, and ensure that all data, and auto-download features are disabled. Turn off all other services when not in use. Delete unnecessary applications and other stored information that is not needed on the device when not in use. Delete unnecessary applications and other stored information that is not needed on the device when not in use. Delete unnecessary applications, plugins, and software. Recent patches, software updates, and anti-virus software installed. Be powered off and where possible, have the batteries removed. Use a USB thumb drive or other removable media that can be destroyed if compromised upon return. Do not use public Wi-Fi for all activities over encrypted connections, where legal. Do not use an email account instead of SLTT government networks until the device is re-imaged. Do not use an email account instead of SLTT government networks until the device is re-imaged.

Do not use public Wi-Fi at all times; hotel safes are not secure.

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY • Traffic Light Protocol: AMBER

RISK REFERENCE

Desktop Cyber Threat Actor Review
 Information from October 1 to December 31, 2015

(U) TLP: AMBER This desk reference provides a review of the most active, identified¹ Cyber Threat Actors^{2,3} (CTA) and malicious cyber campaigns and operations from October 1 through December 31, 2015. The information in this document is provided to further the reader's



Monthly Newsletter

Distributed in template form to allow for re-branding and redistribution by your agency

March, 2017
Volume 12, Issue 3

Common IT Wisdom That Keeps You Secure

MS-ISAC

Multi-State Information
Sharing & Analysis Center

Insert your agency name and contact info here

From the Desk of Thomas F. Duffy, Chair, MS-ISAC

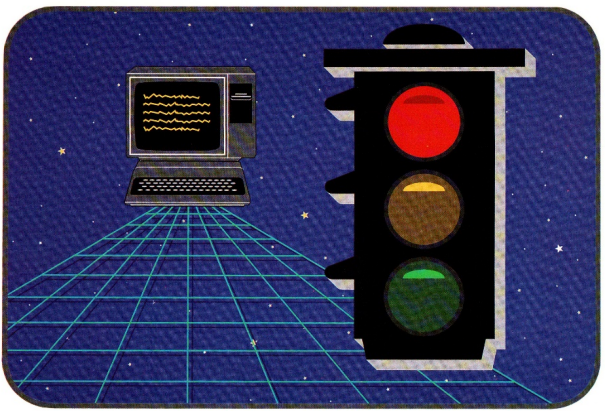
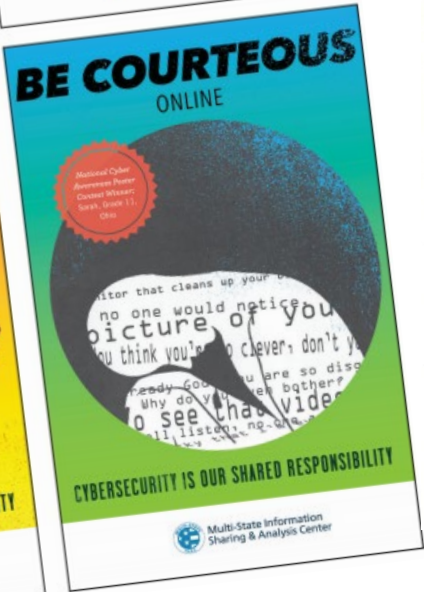
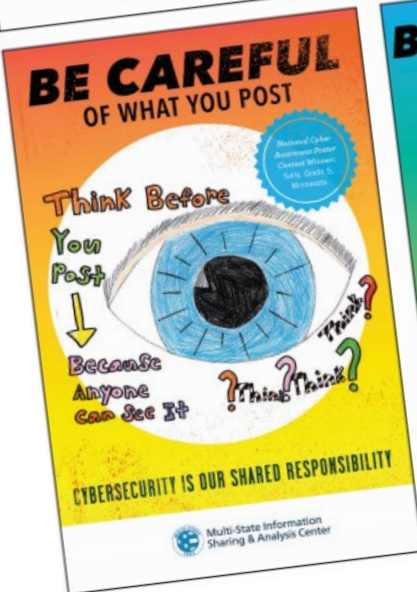
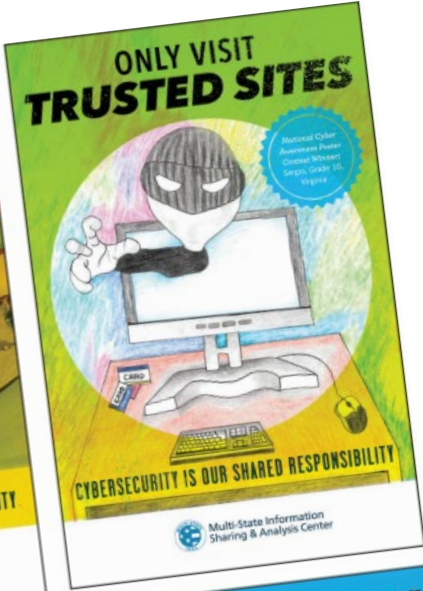
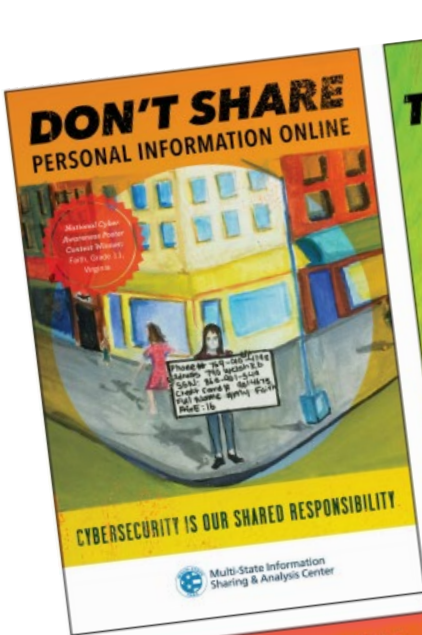
Day in and day out, employees hear the same things from their IT staff about cybersecurity and safety. Though they may sound like a broken record, there are very important reasons and rationale behind these practices and advice. Keeping safe and secure while connected isn't just about how your system is set up - it is also very much about how you end up using it. Below, we discuss some common IT staff wisdom and provide some background information and the rationale as to why it definitely merits your attention.

Make sure you lock your screen when you are away from your desk.

Screen locking policies exist for a reason. Even if you are leaving for just a few minutes at a time, be sure to lock your screen. Though physical intruders are rare during daytime and in conventionally secured offices, intrusions do occasionally happen. Screen locks also thwart opportunistic insider attacks from other employees that may seek to obtain information or access information beyond what they should normally have. If you don't adhere to a screen locking policy, an attacker can simply walk up and start manipulating or stealing your



Cybersecurity Awareness Toolkit



Have you logged off your terminal?

© 1995 Vanguard Marketing Services 441 Howard Street Northborough, MA 01532 (617) 353-8347



FedVTE

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- CompTIA A+, Network+, Security+
- CISSP Certification Prep
- Operating System Security

www.fedvte.usalearning.gov



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Request an access email here.

The complex block features a background with a grid and binary code. On the left is the official seal of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. On the right, there is a tilted "FedVTE" logo with the subtitle "FEDERAL VIRTUAL TRAINING ENVIRONMENT" and a graphic of a tablet displaying a globe and a shield labeled "CYBER SECURITY".



Who do I call?



Security Operations Center (SOC)

SOC@cisecurity.org - 1-866-787-4722

31 Tech Valley Dr., East Greenbush, NY 12061-4134

www.cisecurity.org

to join or get more information:

<https://learn.cisecurity.org/ms-isac-registration>



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